# Chapter 8 - Accounts Receivable Master Inquiry - ARM

# **Accounts Receivable Master Inquiry**

The A/R master inquiry screen is used to inquire on accounts within a case. This screen holds all accounts receivable masters for all parties within a case.

this is also the screen you would use to print a single bill or single delinquent letter. This screen is ever changing. Every financial transaction that is performed will affect this screen.

Financial information can be accessed two different ways:

- 1. The first, is if the user knows the case number of the account but not all the other information needed to find the case. The program will display all of the A/R masters within that case number. The system will load the first A/R master record that it finds (this is normally the juvenile if financial has been assigned to him/her because the juvenile's party number is "00". If the juvenile is not assigned any financial orders then it will display the first party of the case that financial exists on). At that point, the user can either press <Enter> if the information they are looking for was loaded automatically for them or they need to change the information on the Next Tran line for the party that they want to find detailed information on.
- 2. The second is used when the user knows the required information (case, suffix, and party number) and it is entered on the Next Tran line. The system will bypass the initial screen and display the detail for the party that you requested.

## Accessing the Initial A/R Master Screen:

This process will demonstrate option #1 above. From the transaction request screen, enter **ARM/CON** in the next tran line along with the case number that you want to inquire on and press <Enter>.

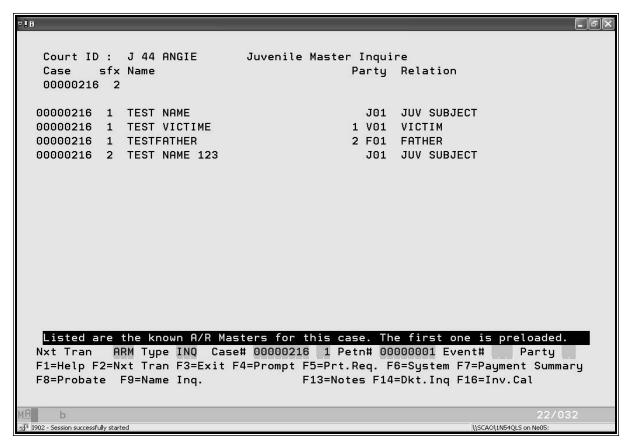
## **Probate Next Tran Line:**



## Juvenile Next Tran Line:



The following screen will be displayed for you.



As shown above, the system found three A/R master records for this case.

Following are the field descriptions for the A/R master inquiry screen.

## ~Case~

This is the case number that you are inquiring on.

#### ~Suffix~

This is the suffix number of the case that this party was entered on.

## ~Name~

This is the name of the party that the A/R master inquiry is on.

## ~Party~

This is the party number that was assigned by the system and the type of party as entered by the data entry clerk for this party.

NOTE: The party number that was assigned by the system is the number that all financial information for this party is attached to. You will need to enter this party number in the party field to inquire on the A/R master or to receipt any payments for this party.

## ~Relation~

This is the relation of this party to the juvenile.

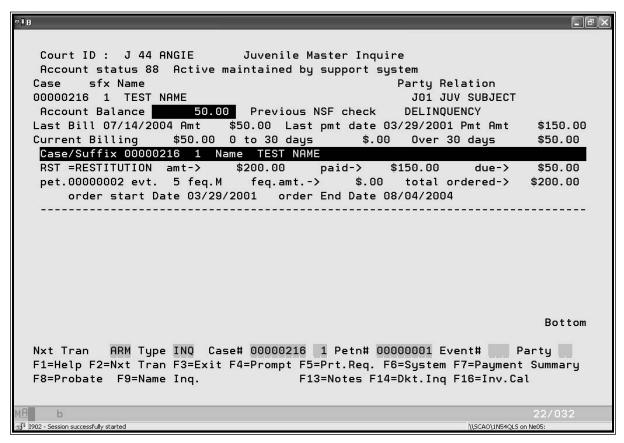
Highlited at the bottom of the screen you will see:

## Listed are the known A/R masters for this case. The first one is preloaded.

The system will automatically load information that it finds for the first party of this case that has financial orders attached to it into the Next Tran line. This is normally the juvenile because the juvenile's party number equals zero. If the Juvenile does not have an A/R master, the system will load the first party it finds that does. This process is done numerically. If the system did not load the information that you want to inquire on you will need to change the party number to the correct number. Press <Enter> when you have the information on the Next Tran line that you require and the system will display the requested information.

## A/R Master Inquiry Screen

The A/R Master Inquiry Screen holds all information for a selected party involved in a case. If the case has multiple children the A/R Master Inquiry Screen will display the first child first, then by paging down it will switch to the second child after all financial orders for the first child have been displayed.



Following are explanations for the A/R Master Inquiry Screen.

#### ~Account Status~

The account status field is used to tell the system what status this account is in. There are four (4) main statuses that accounts can be in.

- 88 = This status is "Active and maintained by the Juvenile system". The account is active for billing.
- 89 = This status is "Active, but it is maintained by the ARU Screen". The account is active for billing and payments. All data relating to the names and addresses are maintained by the A/R Maintenance program.
- 98 = This status is "Inactive and maintained by the ARU Screen". The account is inactive for billing and payments. All data relating to the parties are maintained by the A/R Maintenance screen.
- 99 = This account is "Inactive and maintained by the Juvenile system". The account is inactive for billing and payments. All data relating to the parties are maintained by the Juvenile system.

### ~Case~

This is the case number that this account is tied to.

## ~Sfx~

This is the suffix number of the child that this person was added as a party.

#### ~Name~

This is the name of the party whose account you are inquiring on.

## ~Partv~

This is the party type that was assigned to this party through the party screen.

### ~Relation~

This is the relation of the party to the child that the party was added to.

#### ~Account Balance~

This is the total amount that is due including the total ordered amounts and credit memos. This amount would include amounts due for every child that this party was ordered to pay on.

#### ~Previous NSF Check~

If the ARU screen has been updated to say there have been previous NSF checks, the system will display a "Y" in this area. The default is a "N" for No.

## ~Last Bill~

This is the date that the court ran the last billing that included this party. Creating a single bill does not update this field.

## ~Last Payment Date~

This is the last date that a payment was entered into the system for this party.

## ~Payment Amount~

This is the amount of the last payment made to this account.

# ~Current Billing~

This is the balance this party owes as of the current date of the system. This amount could be different than the account balance. This amount would not include financial orders that are post-dated or if a financial order was set up for a frequency it would not include any amount beyond today.

## ~0 to 30 days~

This amount includes all financial orders that are due within 30 days.

# ~Over 30 days~

This amount includes all financial orders that were ordered more than 30 days ago.

## ~Case/Suffix Name~

The above line identifies the case number, suffix number and name of the child that the orders shown below the name are for. If a party owes on more than one child, by paging down the system will switch to the second child after it has displayed all of the orders for the first child and the information on the above line will then change to that child's information.

## ~Financial Orders for this party~

Every financial order that was assigned to the party you are inquiring on will be shown on this screen by the suffix number of the child that it is associated with. Below is an example of one of the financial orders that would be shown.

```
CVA =CRIME VICTI amt-> $20.00 paid-> $20.00 due-> $.00 pet.00000001 evt.565 feq.M feq.amt.-> $.00 total ordered-> $20.00 order start Date 02/01/2001 order End Date 03/19/2003
```

Following are explanation for the fields in the financial order area.

## ~Price Code/Description~

This is the price code and first 11 positions of the price code description that was added to the financial order for this party to pay. Probate codes can be used in juvenile financial orders but juvenile codes can't be used in probate financial orders.

#### ~Amt~

This is the total amount due as calculated by the system for the date that you are inquiring on this order.

#### ~Paid~

This is the total amount that has been paid by the party on this financial order.

#### ~Due~

This is the total amount that is still due on this financial order. The amount due is the total amount less the amount paid.

#### ~Pet~

This is the petition number that this financial order is associated with. In the juvenile system this number is assigned by the user when they are entering in the case information. In the probate and civil system the system assigns the petition number of 7777???? for every financial order. The last four digits of the number range from 0001 to 9999.

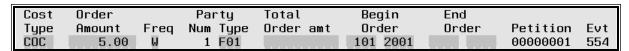
## ~Evt~

This is the event number that this financial order was attached to.

## ~Freq~

This is the frequency that this financial order needs to be paid. The default for this field is M = Monthly. The following are the options that can be used in this field.

It is important to note that when using the frequency field, the system will add the frequency the first opportunity it finds. Example follows on the next page.



In the above example, the party is ordered to pay \$5.00 a week for an unspecified amount of time. The system will add the \$5.00 every Monday at 12:01 a.m. If this charge were to accumulate on a monthly basis, the system would add the charge on the first day of the month at 12:01a.m.

## ~Feq.Amt~

This is the amount that has been ordered to be paid in a frequency amount such as weekly, by-weekly, annually, etc. The default is \$.00 of no frequency is selected.

## ~Total Ordered~

This is the total amount that is to be charged for this financial order.

## ~Order Start Date~

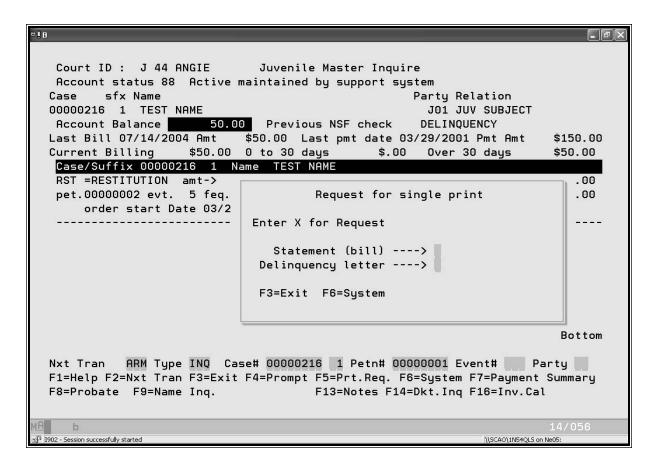
This is the date of the event that this financial order was attached to, or if the user entered a date other than the event date on the financial order that date will display here.

## ~Order End Date~

If the user entered an end date that date will display, otherwise the order end date will display the current date until the order is paid in full.

# Printing a Single Bill or Delinquent Letter:

From the ARM screen, press <F5> to print a single bill or a delinquent letter and the system will display the following screen.



Enter an "X" next to the option that you would like to print and press <Enter>. The system will print your request.

# **Printing a Payment Summary:**

From the ARM screen, a payment summary can be printed. This summary will give detailed information about the financial orders. Including, total amount owed, amount paid and credit memo's applied to each charge. To print the payment summary, press <F7>. Following is an example of the report.

895019 JO1 TEST NAME 101 MAIN STREET		COURT/FAMI COUNTY COMPLEX	COURT/FAMILY DIVISION Y COMPLEX 255 CLAY ST.	ION Y ST.				
SOUTHFIELD MI 4	48444	LAP	LAPEER	MI 4 (810) 66	48446 667-0270			
BILLING FROM CASE START TO 6/11/2003	T TO 6/11/	/2003		 		 	 	1 1 1 1 1
CHARGES FOR	PETITION EVT.	N EVT. DESCRIPTION	START DATE	END	DATE TOTAL DUE	AMT.PAID	CRM/CRMS CAL.DUE Y	AL.DUE Y
TEST NAME	8950191 31 8950191 26	311 ATTORNEY FEES 266 ATTORNEY FEES	; नन	10/15/1998 10/15/1998 10/15/1998	80.00	145.00- 90.00	145.00	80.00
TEST NAME	8950191 82		4/09/2002 6	6/11/2003	150.00	00.	00.	150.00
TEST NAME		639 ATTORNEY FEES		6/11/2003 6/11/2003	1,070.00	00.6	00.061	00.000
TEST NAME		ATTORNEY		5/11/2003	20.00	00.	20.00	00.
TEST NAME		ATTORNEY		8/19/1999	00.06		85.00	00.
TEST NAME	8950191 25	255 ATTORNEY FEES	7/01/1998		15,000.00	160.00	100.00	
		PAYMENTS	AMT	AMT DUE AS OF TODAY	TODAY			
	₩	\$6,534.00		\$19,216.00	00			
111 MAIN ST		`	ACCOUNT BALANCE	E \$19,151.00	00'			
SOUTHFIELD	MI 48	48444						